

· VEOUN

29 Juni 2022 Jeliaz Rangelov

Софийска вода

Central and Eastern Europe Zone Activities

38 500 employees

14 countries

ACCESS TO WATER & SANITATION	UCAL OF ENE	LOOPS	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
<u>1,063</u> 7 <u>1,644 km</u> WTP/WWTP water/sewage plants networks <u>10,9 M</u> 5 <u>85 M m3</u> people served drinking water – in drinking water	2,565 thermal plants 19,2 M MWh heat sales 8, <u>5 M MW</u> h	41, <u>1 th. M</u> Wh cold sales 6 <u>,238 km</u> DH networks	3,4 <u>13,000 t</u> ons waste - municipal solid waste, commercial waste, secondary raw material, fly ashes
<u>11,2 M</u> people served in wastewater services	electricity sales	OGIES, NT KS RIES	<image/> <image/> <text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text>

Our presence in Bulgaria

3 companies for a national footprint



WWTP - Kubratovo



GC - Grit Chambers Recirculating Activated sludge PST - Primary Settling Tanks

WAS - Waste Activated Sludge

-	Line treatment of sludge
≻	Biogas
-	Technical leads
-	Floating substances, fats, oils
-	Heat
►	Electrical energy

ò

PS TN - Pumping Stat PS RS - Pumping Stat PS DS - Pumping Stat PS PS - Pumping Stat AT - Aeration Tanks PS AS - Pumping Stat SST - Secondary Setlement Tanks PS WAS - Pumping Stati DG - Anaerobic Digesters GT WAS - Gravitational T RAS - Recirculating Activated Sludge

Flow diagram - WWTP Kubratovo

BH - Boiler house

PS TN -	Pumping Station for Thechnical Neads		$FeCl_{\mathfrak{z}}\cdot \ Reagent$ holding $FeCl_{\mathfrak{z}}$
PS RS -	Pumping Station for Raw Sludge	-	RS - Nitrate reduction
PS DS -	Pumping Station Digested Sludge	Bio P -	Anaerobic Bio P zone
PS PS -	Pumping Station for Primary Sludge	DN -	Anoxic zone
PS AS -	Pumping Station Activated Sludge	NVDN -	Anoxic/ Aerobic zone
PS WAS -	Pumping Station for Waste Activated Sludge	Ni -	Aerohic zone
GT WAS -	Gravitational Thickeners for WAS		0
GT DS -	Gravitational Thickeners for DS	SI-	Supernatant tank



Overview of Sofia WWTP

- The plant was designed during the 1970s
- Until recently the biggest on the Balkan Peninsula with an area of 60 ha
- Treatment capacity 480,000 m³/day
- Located in the lowest part of Sofia valley
- Commissioned on September 4 1984





Sofia Wastewater Treatment Plant - Basic Parameters:



Flows:

- Designed Wastewater flow 480 000 m³/day;
- Flow to full treatment 550 000 m³/day;
 Maximum flow 680 000 m³/day;

Influent BOD₅ - 164 mg/l, or 78 720 kg/day;
Influent SS - 173 mg/l, or 83 040 kg/day;
Influent TN - 40 mg/l, or 19 200 kg/day;
Influent TP - 5,8 mg/l, or 2 784 kg/day;



Sofia WWTP - Main reconstructions						
1996 - 1999	Π	2002 - 2004	2006	2009	2010 - 2011	2019 - 2020
• Project for reconstruction of the Sludge treatment facilities		• Project for reconstruction of the water treatment line	• Finishing the reconstruction of the Sludge treatment facilities and starting operation of Digesters	• Installing of CHP - plant	• Reconstruction of biological line and implementation of technology for nitrogen and phosphorus removal	• Building of new fifth Digester



Sofia WWTP - mechanical treatment





Screens 10 ps. core screens 10 ps. fine screens

Sofia WWTP - mechanical treatment





Sand and grease removal

3 ps.

Sofia WWTP - mechanical treatment





Primary settling tanks 4 ps.

Diameter - 54 meter

 $Volume - 12\ 000\ m^{3}$

Sofia WWTP - biological treatment







Aeration tanks 6 ps. Biological treatment with active sludge

Sofia WWTP - biological treatment





Secondary settling tanks 10 ps.





 \odot





Mechanical thickeners

4 ps.





 \bigcirc

Digesters 5 ps.

 \odot





Sofia WWTP - CHP plant

Before

After

lacksquare





New Double Membrane Gasholder - 2016







New Double Membrane Gasholder

- Main goal:
 - Additional (extra) methane gas storage capacity;
 - More reliable and flexible operation of gas processing facilities: no need to interrupt sludge digestion process, while overhaul is required for the existing gasholder;
- Main operational data:

Double Membrane Gasholder, type GS 217			
Useful volume	970 m ³		
Diameter of reservoir	12,99 m		
Height of reservoir	9,74 m		
Operational pressure of the gas	35 mbar		
Max consumption of gas	2000 m ³ /h		
Max gas flow	2000 m ³ /h		
Min required inside pressure	35 mbar		



New Heat Recovery System from CHP exhaust gases - 2017







Софийска вода



New Heat Recovery System from CHP exhaust gases

- Main goal:
 - Additional heat production;
 - More heat for technological purposes and on-site building heating;
 - Substitute of boiler capacity in winter season;
- Main operational data:

Heat Output of Utilization System:			
Gas flow	12 600 Nm ³ /h		
Temperature of inlet gases	250 °C		
Specific heat capacity	1109,5 kJ/kg.K		
Temperature of outlet gases	90 °C		
Density of chimney gases	0,95 kg/m ³		
Heat output	590,73 kWh		



\odot

NEW BLOWERS - 2017: Investments in state-of-the-art aeration technology



11 per cent reduction in process energy consumption





NEW BLOWERS: Investments in state-of-the-art aeration technology

Advantages

- Magnetic bearings with active regulation
- No friction and vibrations
- Low maintenance and operation costs
- High energy efficiency
- Automatic regulation based on pressure set point
- No need for additional cooling

Automatic group control of blowers in parallel in optimal mode





New Digester – 2020 - parameters

- Volume 7 000 m3
- Mechanical mixing
- Mesophilic operation temperature 35 38°C
- Biogas production ≈ 6 000 8 000 m3/d







\bigcirc

HubgradeTM Performance Plant (AQUAVISTA, STAR) from Krüger

- In 2013 was implemented the STAR Lite in WWTP Kubratovo to optimize the management of nitrogen and phosphorus removal processes
 - reduction in the cost of phosphorus removal reagent
 - improvement in nitrogen removed

In 2019 was implemented the N/DN Phase control
 The phase control monitors all the online measurements in the aeration tanks and takes decision whether to aerate or not a certain zone, so the denitrification capacity can be expanded

reducing the TN in the effluent by 5%





\odot

HubgradeTM Performance Plant (AQUAVISTA, STAR) from Krüger

2021 - Hubgrade[™] Performance Plant from Krüger

The online control system Hubgrade ™ Performance Plant replaces the existing STAR Utility Solutions and includes improved features for optimization of Nitrogen removal, savings on energy and chemical consumptions, improved hydraulic optimization by integration of information from sewer system

The implementation In WWTP Kubratovo includes:

- Upgrade of existing modules:

 - P-Precipitation
 - NO3-recirculation incl. SMART Bio-P
 - Return Activated Sludge
 - Solids Retention Time
 - Flow Distribution Biological lines



Energy achievements 2021

Electricity production (kWh) 260фийска вода



Energy achievements 2021

Energy consumption and energy self-sufficiency 26 000 130% 120% 110% 21 000 100% 90% 80% 16 000 70% MWh 60% 11 000 50% 40% 30% 6 000 20% 10% Сефийска вода 1 000 2020 2021 2010 2011 2012 2016 2017 2018 2019 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2013 2014 2015 Energy consumption [MWh] Energy self-sufficiency [%]

Focus on GLOBAL energy efficiency

 Our dream for Sofia – to reach an energy

 independent water supply system

Focus on GLOBAL energy efficiency

How can we best valorize these results?

To have energy independent wastewater plants is no longer a dream

To have energy positive water cycles is possible

<u>So:</u>

Con we make these well known?

Can we make these a norm within the Veolia group?

Can we link Veolia to the image of energy independent operations?



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

