WASTEWATER SYSTEMS IN SMALL RURAL AREAS IN CROATIA

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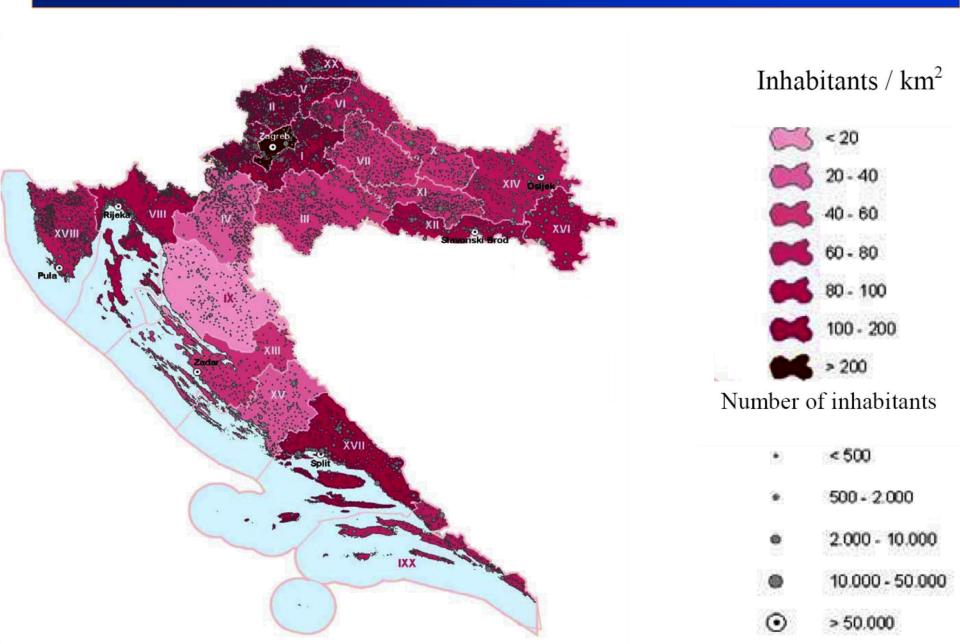
Croatian population and settlements

According to Census 2021:

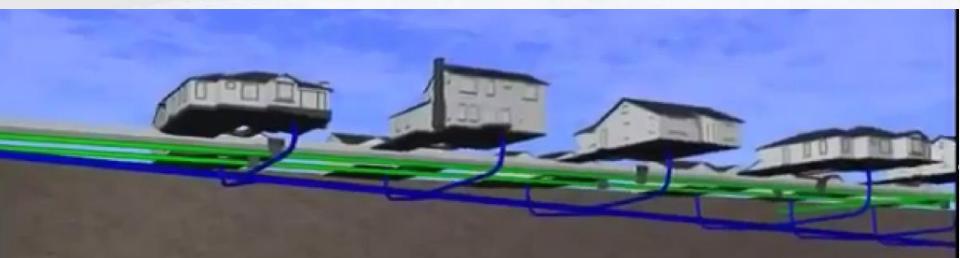
- **3,878,981** inhabitants
- □ 6,562 settlements,
- Generalized Generalized Generalized Generalized Generalized Statements with less than 2,000 inhabitants, making approx. 40% of the entire national population (1,497,588 inhabitants).



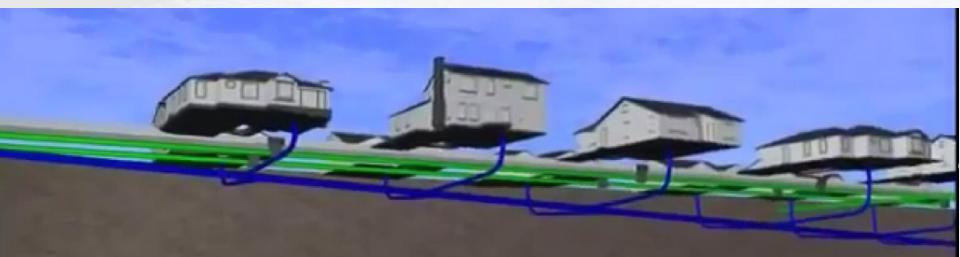
Croatian population and settlements



- □ 55% of the population is connected to public sewage systems (approx. 1,750,000 inhabitants generate non-point sources of polution into the environment)
- Public sewer systems are mainly related to urban centres,
- Croatian legislation does not define the standards for wastewater disposal in communities without public sewage systems.



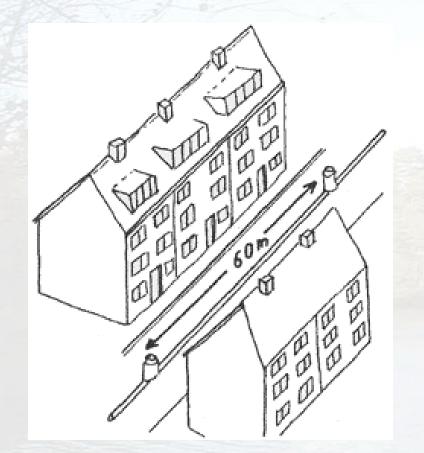
- Sewage systems in Croatia predominantly consist of the centralized gravity sewer network
- □ only approx. 44% of wastewater is treated,
- The problem of environmental pollution by wastewater from rural settlements is not considered a priority by the national legislation and national plans, and is left to local communities for solution.



The basic characteristic of the construction of conventional gravity sewerage in smaller rural areas in Croatia

Greater the average length of pipelines per connected user

Higher unit investment costs of the system per connected user



Population: 120 inhabitants Population density: 120 : 60 = 2 inh./m'

Cost of sewer network: 300 €/m' Cost of sewer network: 300:2 = 150 €/inh. Population: 9 inhabitants Population density: 9 : 60 = 0,15 inh./m'

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Cost of sewer network: 250 €/m' Cost of sewer network: 250:0,15 = 1666 €/inh

Alternative wastewater collection systems





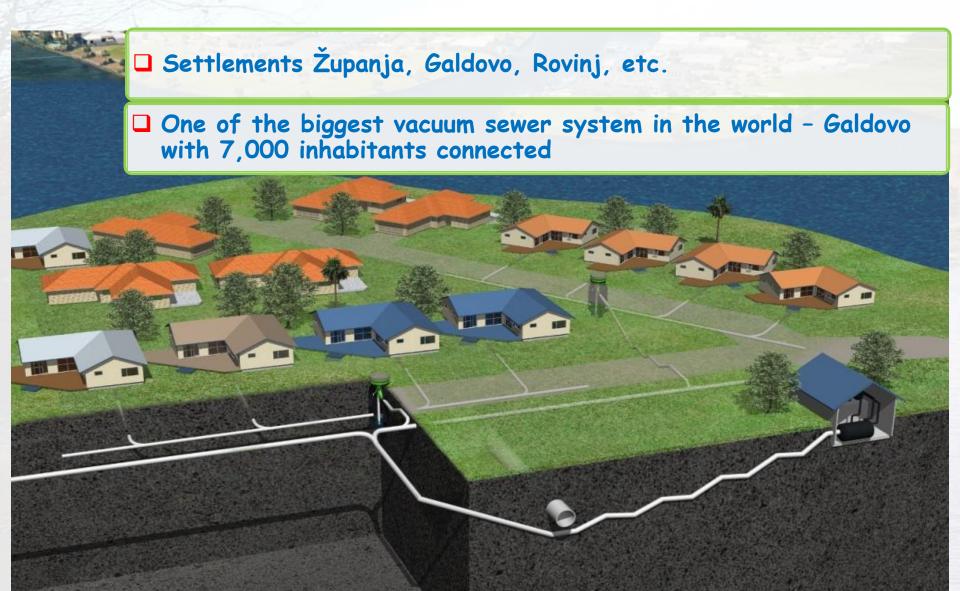
Pressure sewer system





Small diameter gravity sewer

Vacuum sewer system



Alternative wastewater collection systems

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Galdovo-Hrastelnica vacuum station





Onsite treatment – bioreactor units



Zone treatment – constructed wetlands

Kaštelir-Labinci constructed wetland (2000 PE)

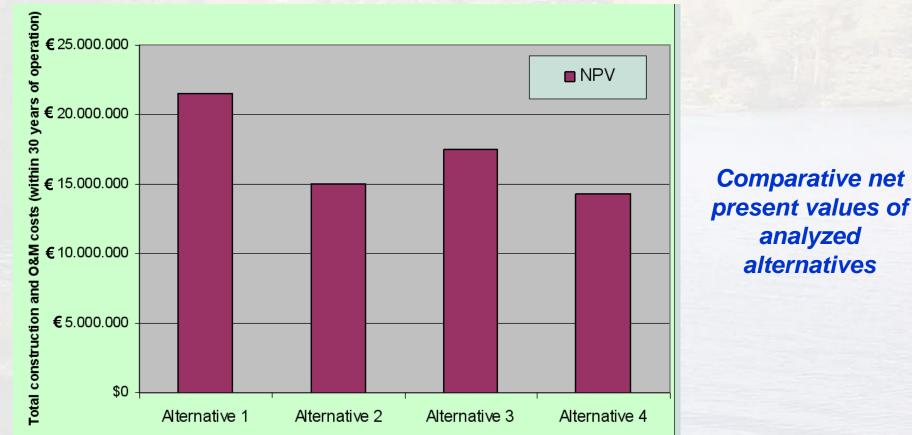


Zone treatment – rotating biological contactors



Economic analysis done by GF

The results of the economic analysis show great advantage of decentralized solutions, with the highest advantage on the zone system with vacuum sewerage and constructed wetlands and onsite treatment system with aerobic treatment units.





Thank you for your attention!

