



Extreme drought events

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Joint
Research
Centre

Introduction

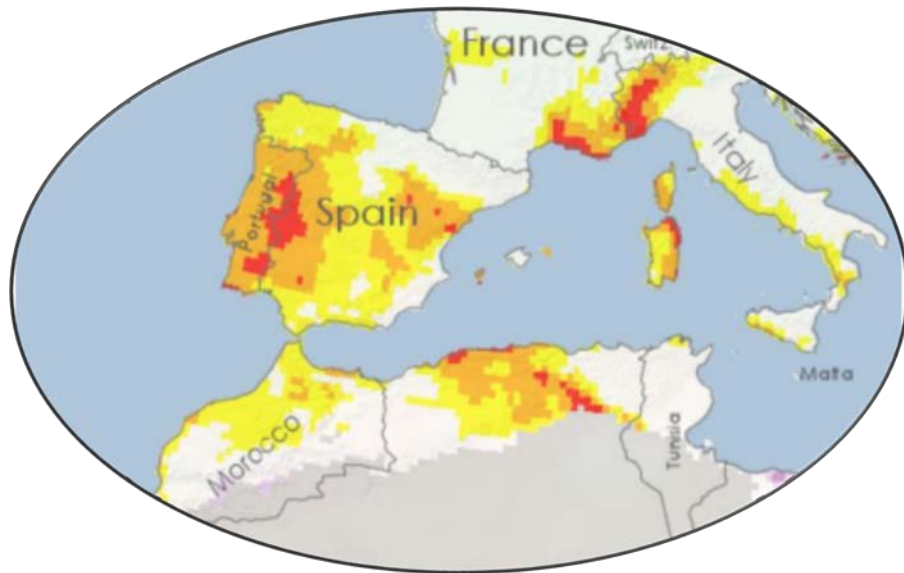
Climate extremes pose a threat to socio-economic and natural systems

This year, Europe and several other regions of the world have been affected by extreme events such as drought and heatwaves

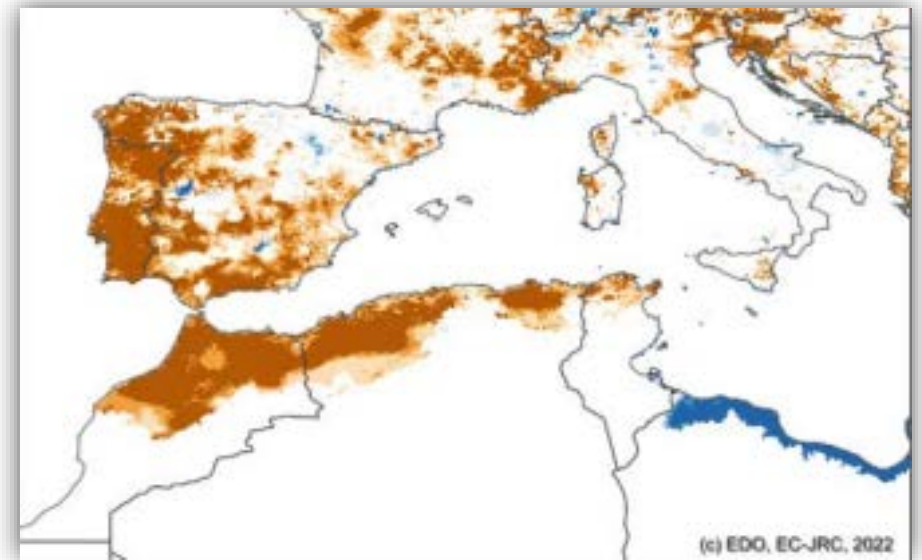


2022

In some areas of Europe, the drought started already at the end of 2021

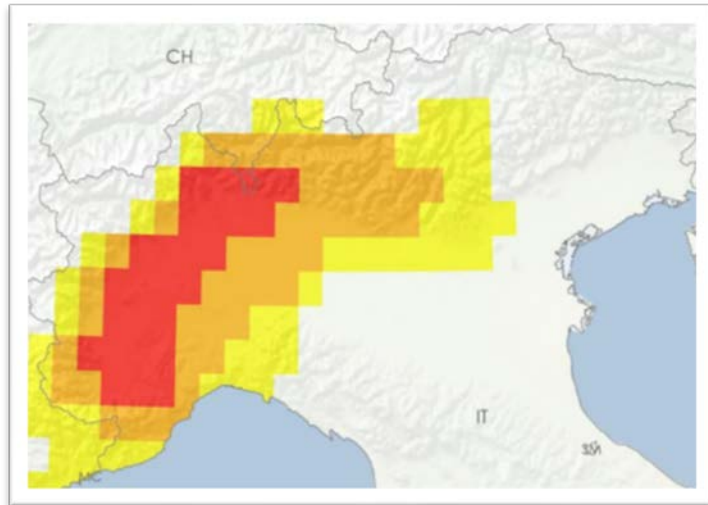


SPI-1 January 2022



Soil Moisture Anomaly - end of January 2022

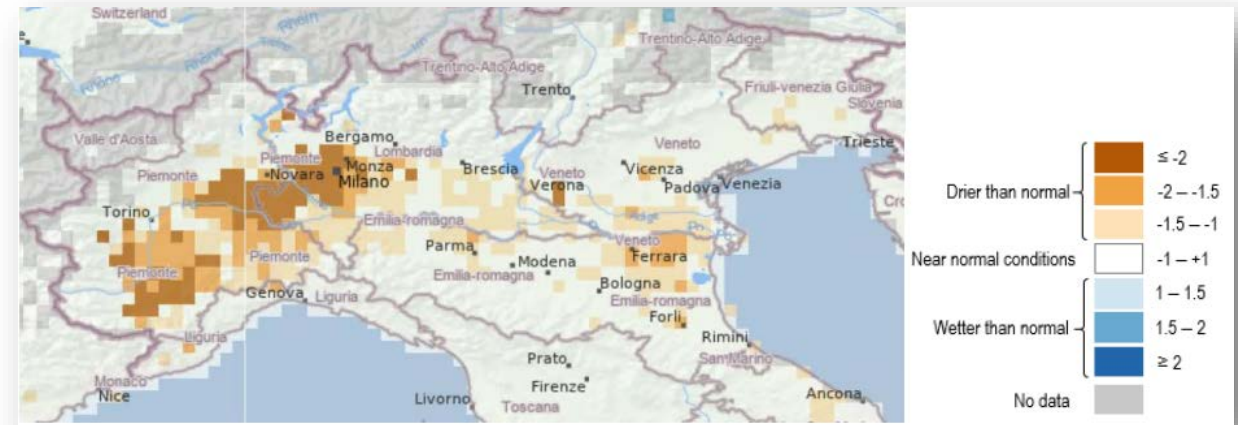
2022



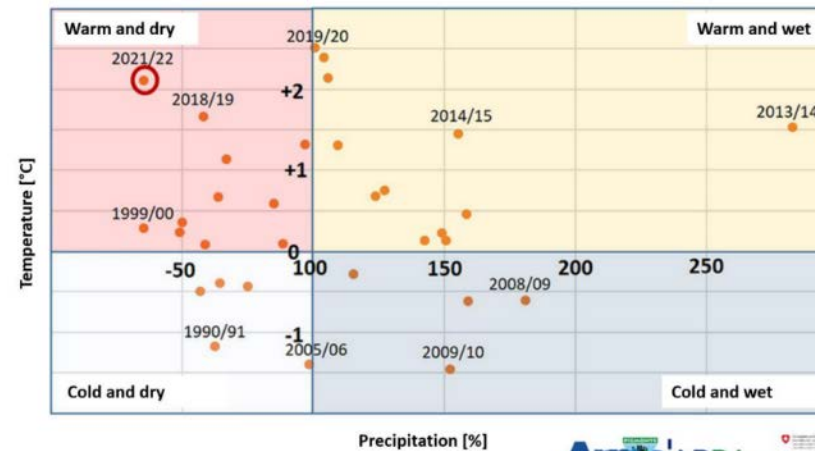
Extremely dry ■ ≤ -2
 Severely dry ■ -2 to -1.5
 Moderately dry ■ -1.5 to -1

SPI-3 February 2022

Severe precipitation deficit affecting water resources and hydropower systems



Ensemble soil moisture anomaly, beginning of March 2022

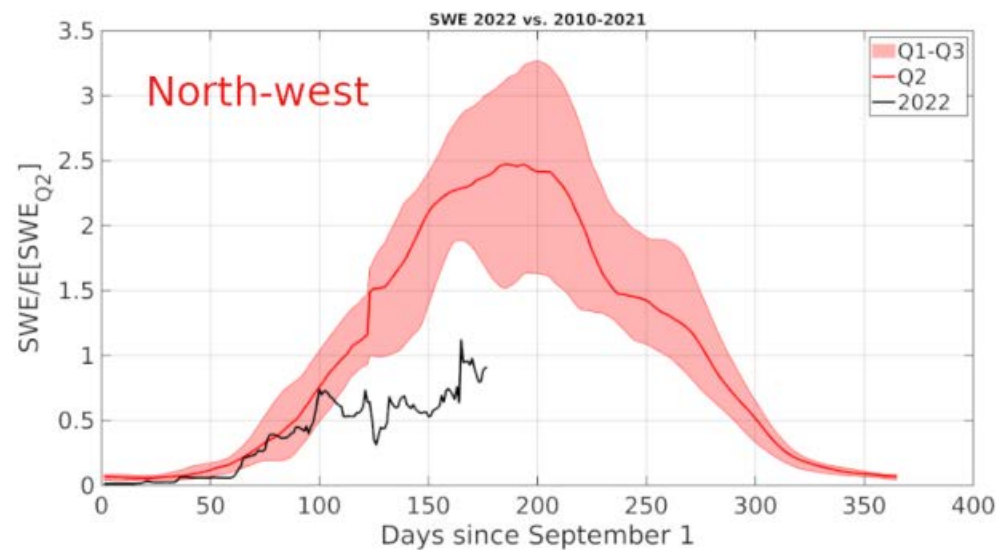
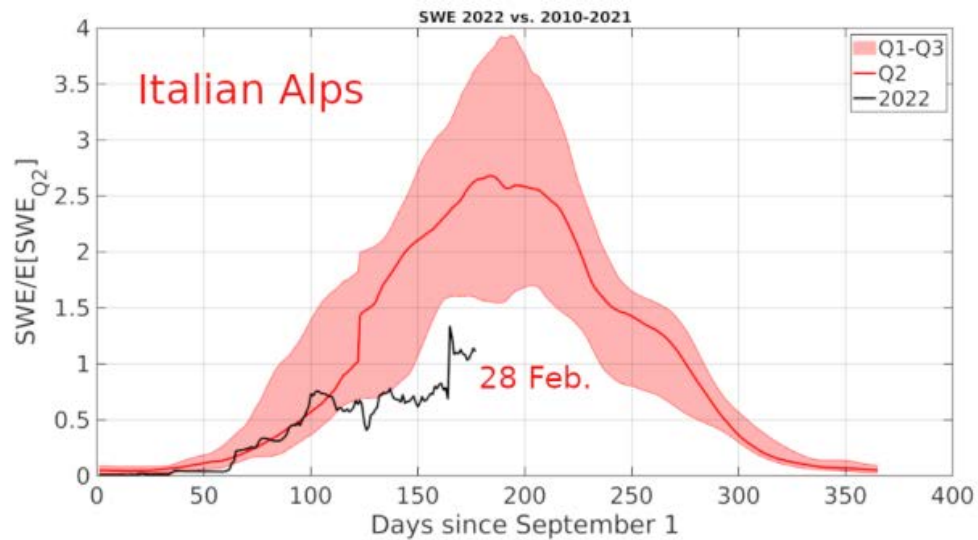


2022



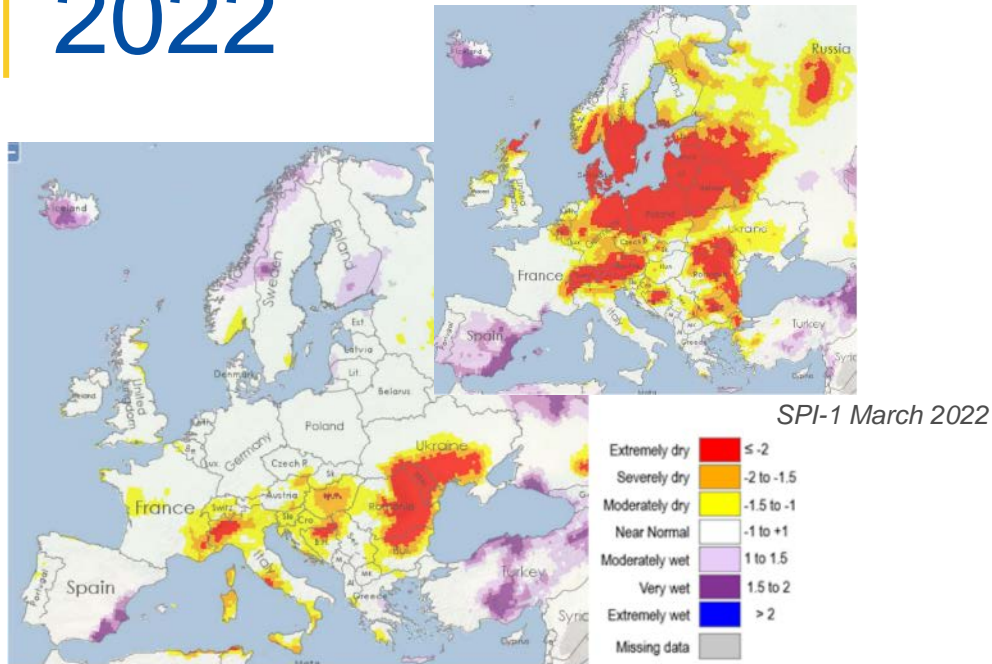
Low Flow Index, beginning of March 2022

Critical rivers' conditions and poor snowfall accumulation

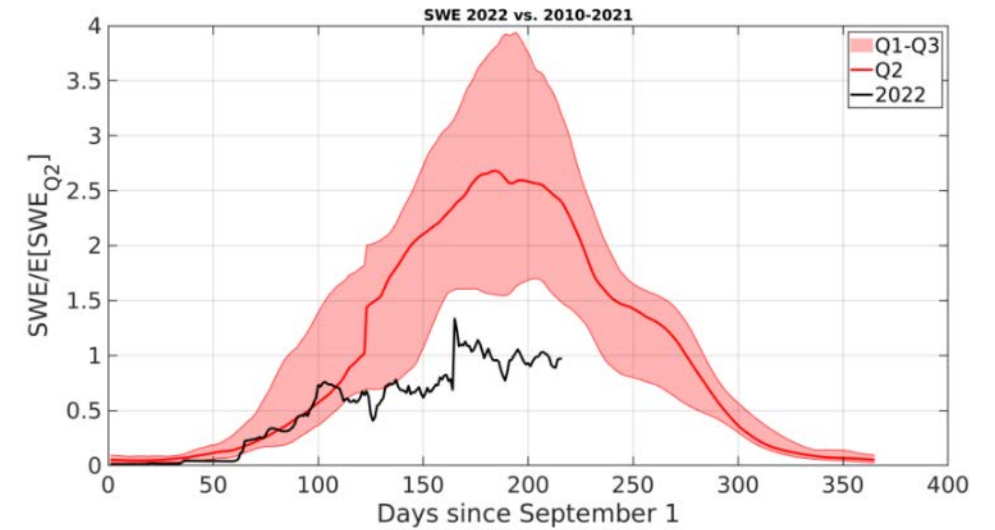


Normalised Snow Water Equivalent.

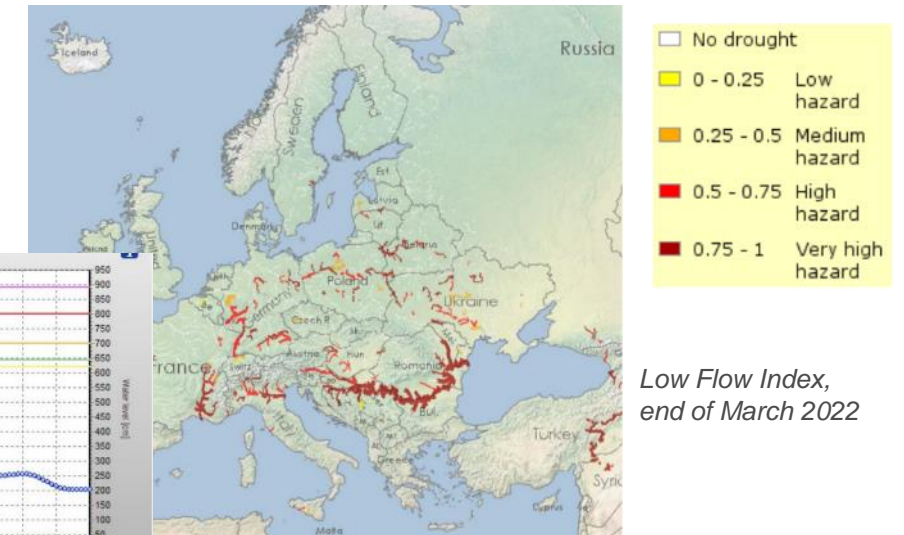
2022



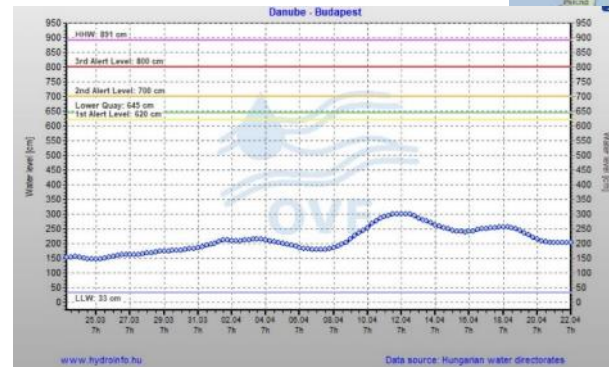
SPI-3 March 2022



Normalised snow water equivalent

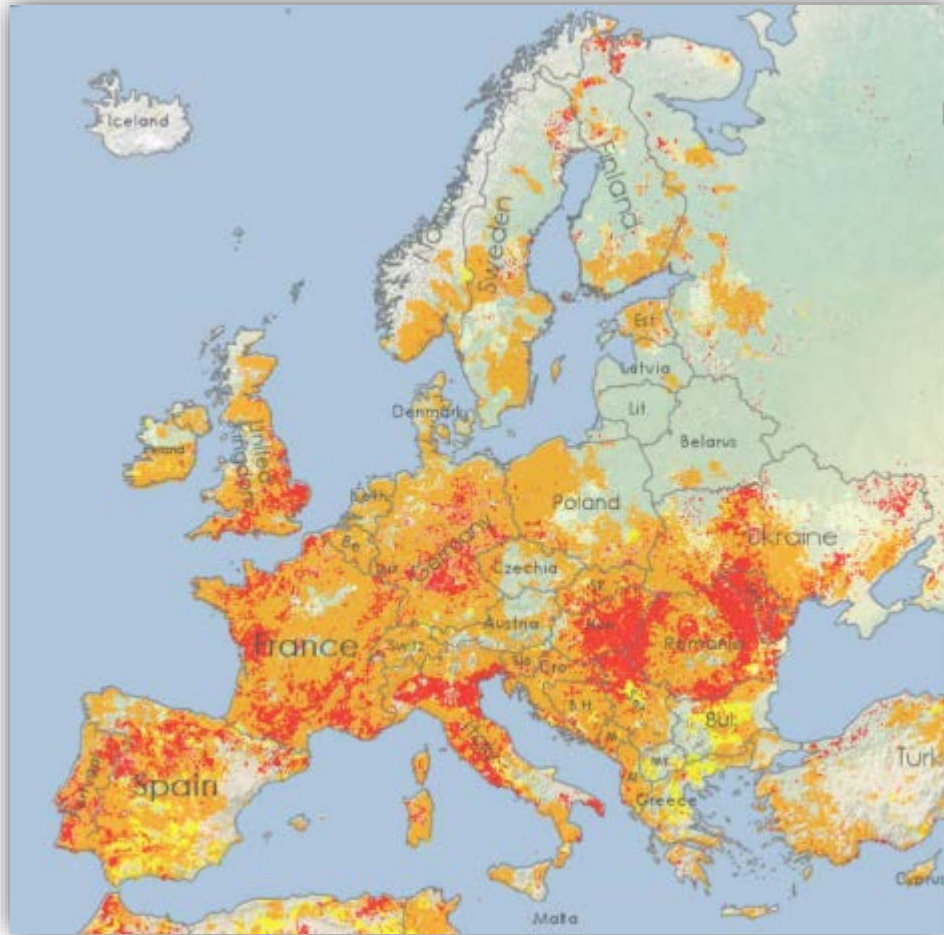


Po and Danube severely affected.
Snow water resources extremely poor (approx. 60% deficit)



Water level Danube (Budapest) 25.03 - 22.04. Source Hungarian Hydro Forecasting Service.

2022



> 60% of the EU affected

Sea-water intrusion
Water supply issues
Dike stability
River transport
Energy

...

Agriculture

Grain maize

Soybean

Sunflower

Rice

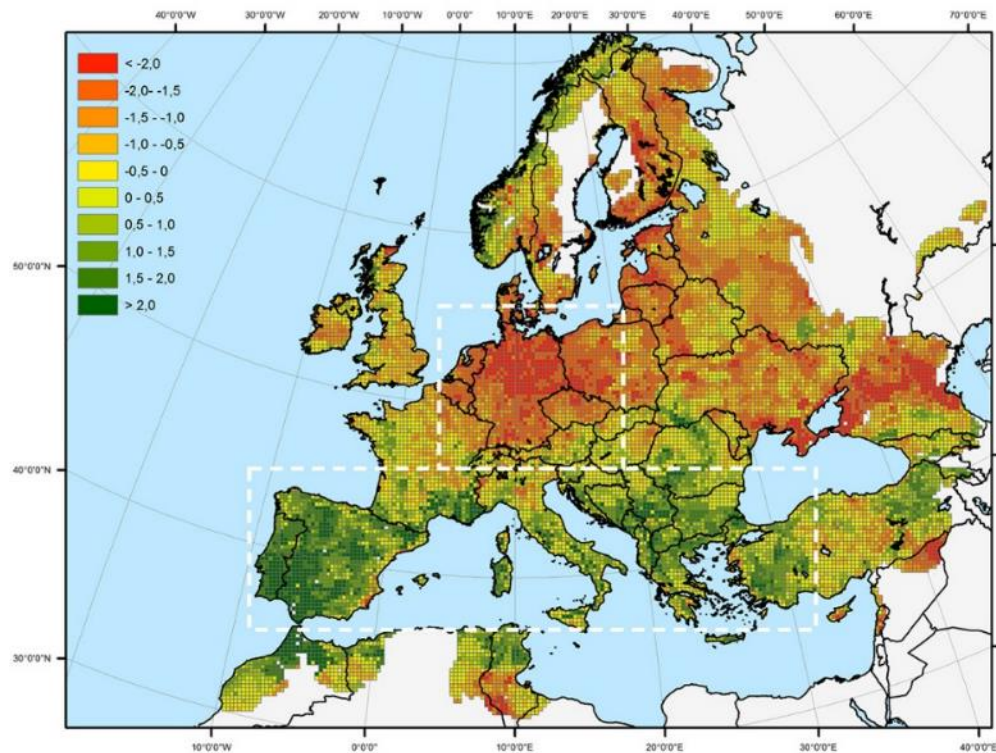
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2022

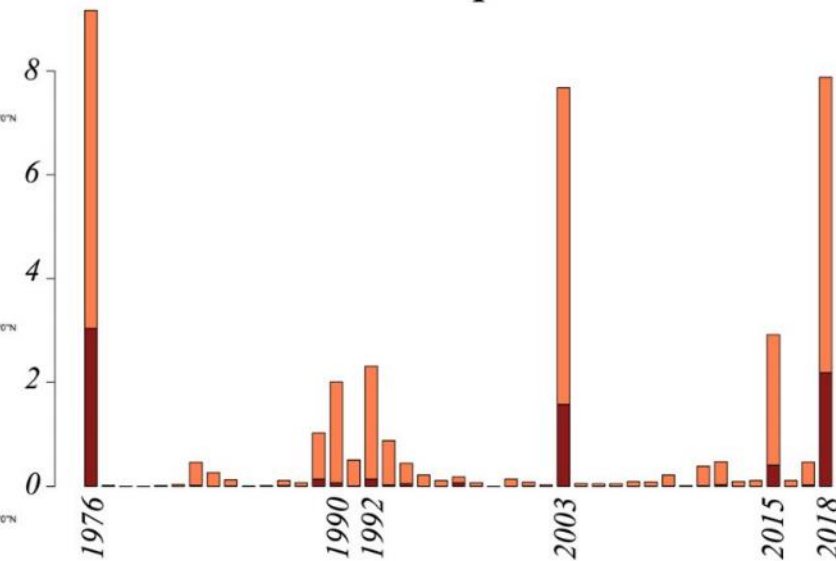


Drought events in the past

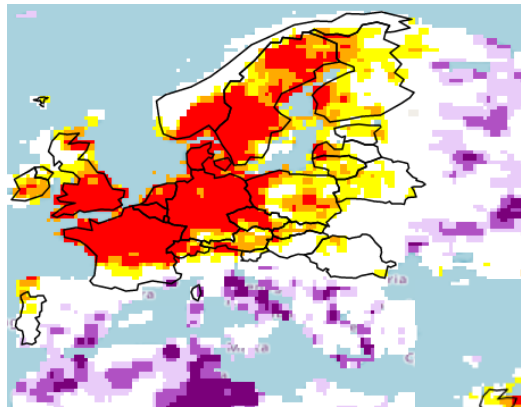
a) SPEI-6 from March to August 2018



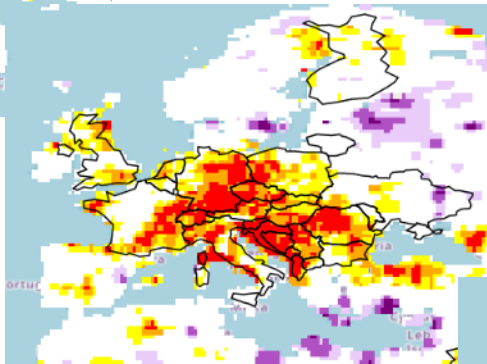
*b) Spatial extension ($\text{km}^2 * 10^5$) of severe-to-extreme and extreme drought events in central Europe*



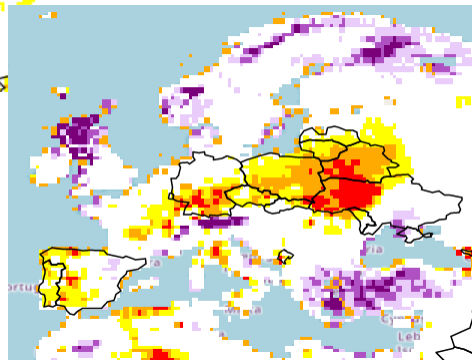
Drought events in the past



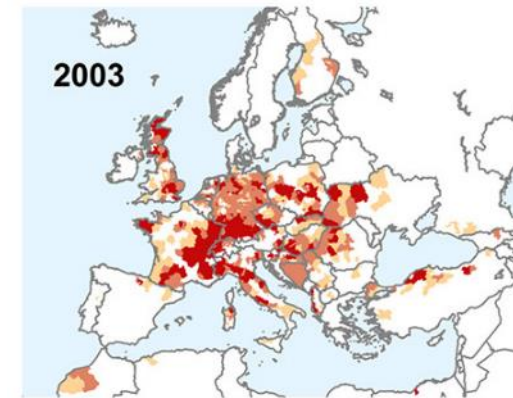
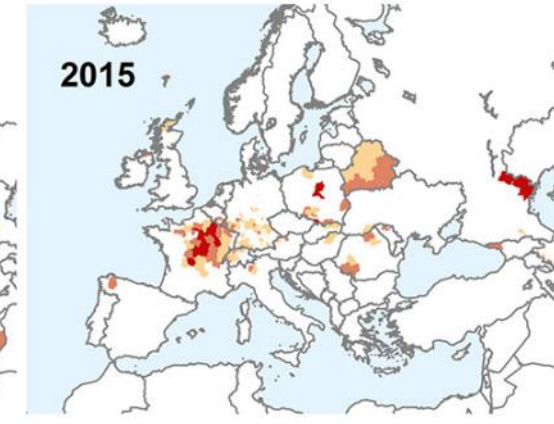
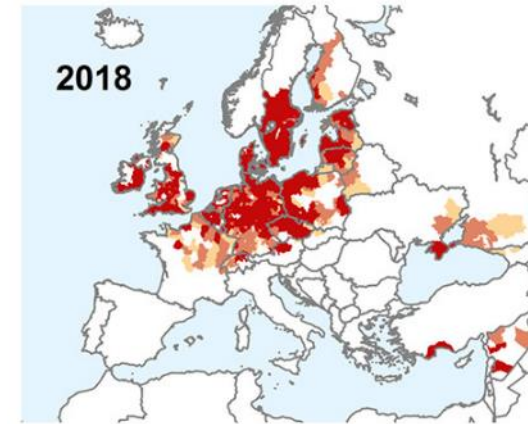
1976 SPI-6 August



2003 SPI-6 August

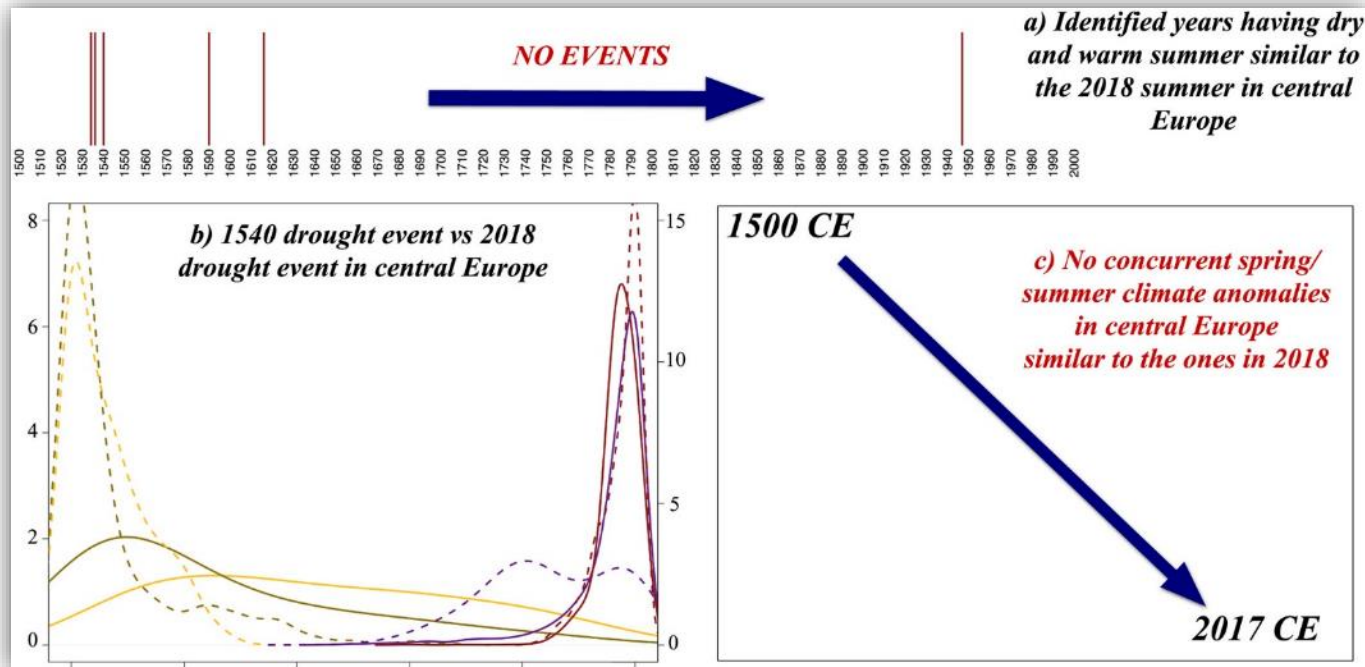


2015 SPI-6 August



Source: Toreti et al., 2019

Drought events in the past

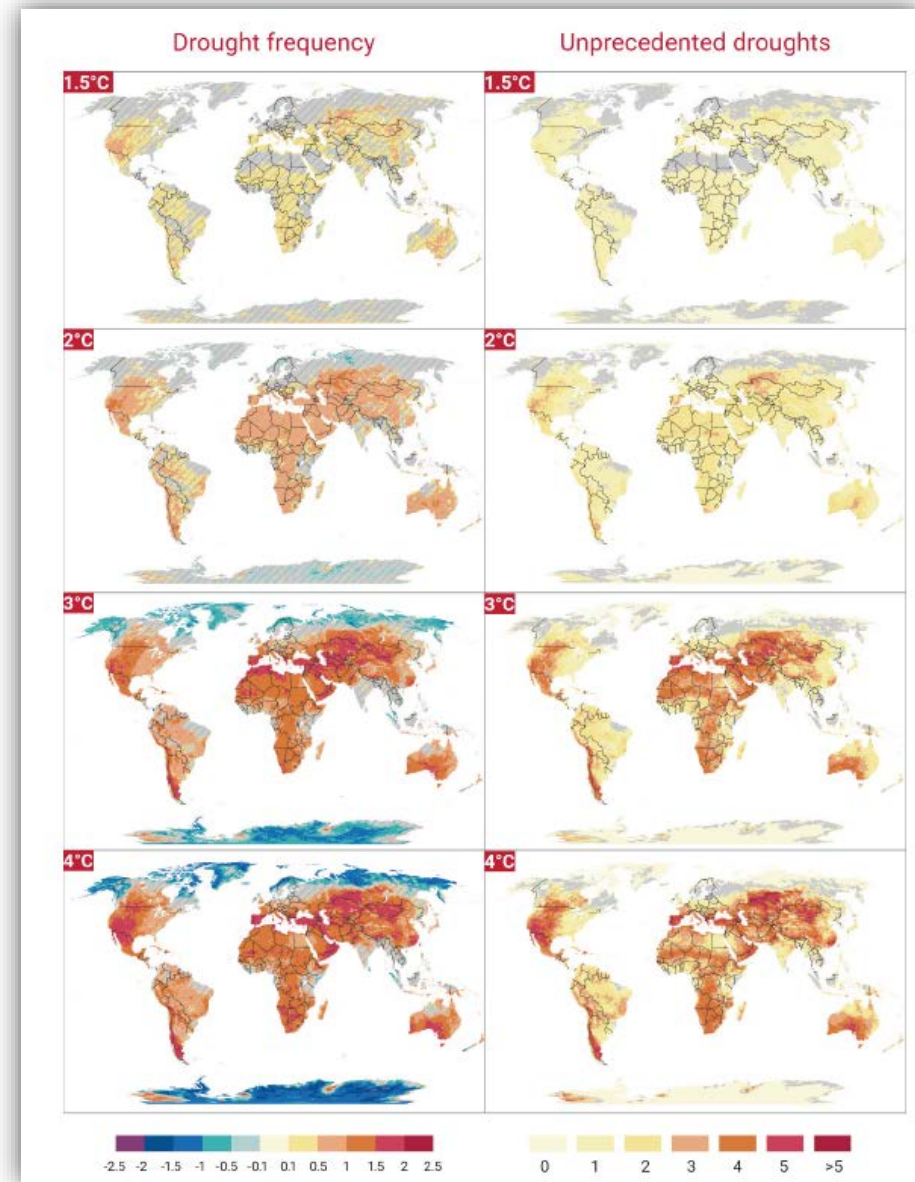
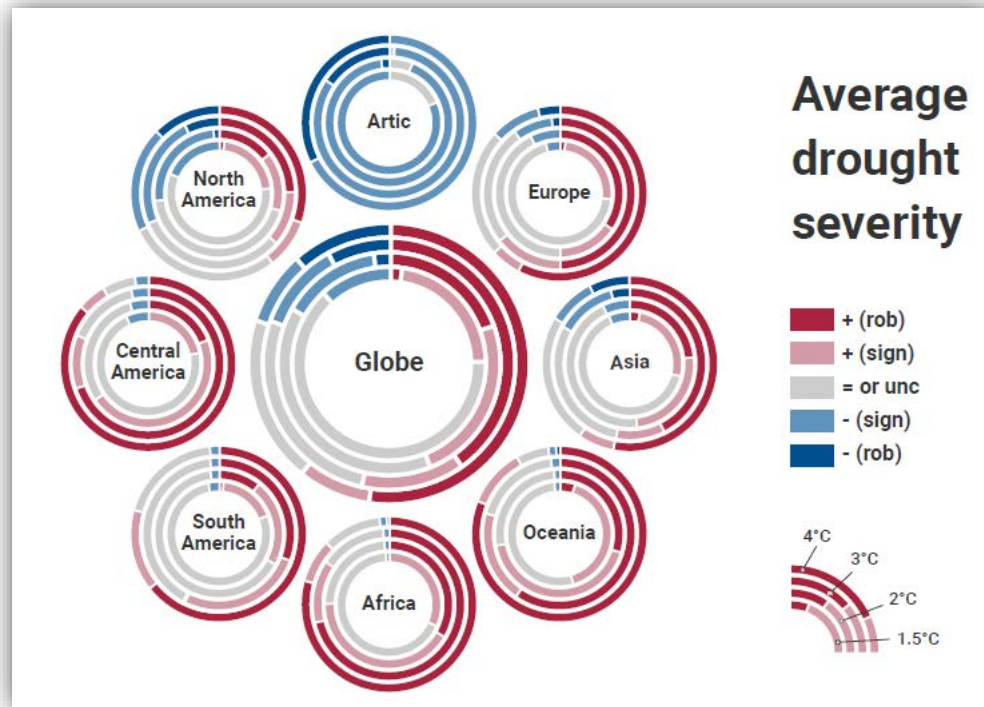


Source: Toreti et al., 2019

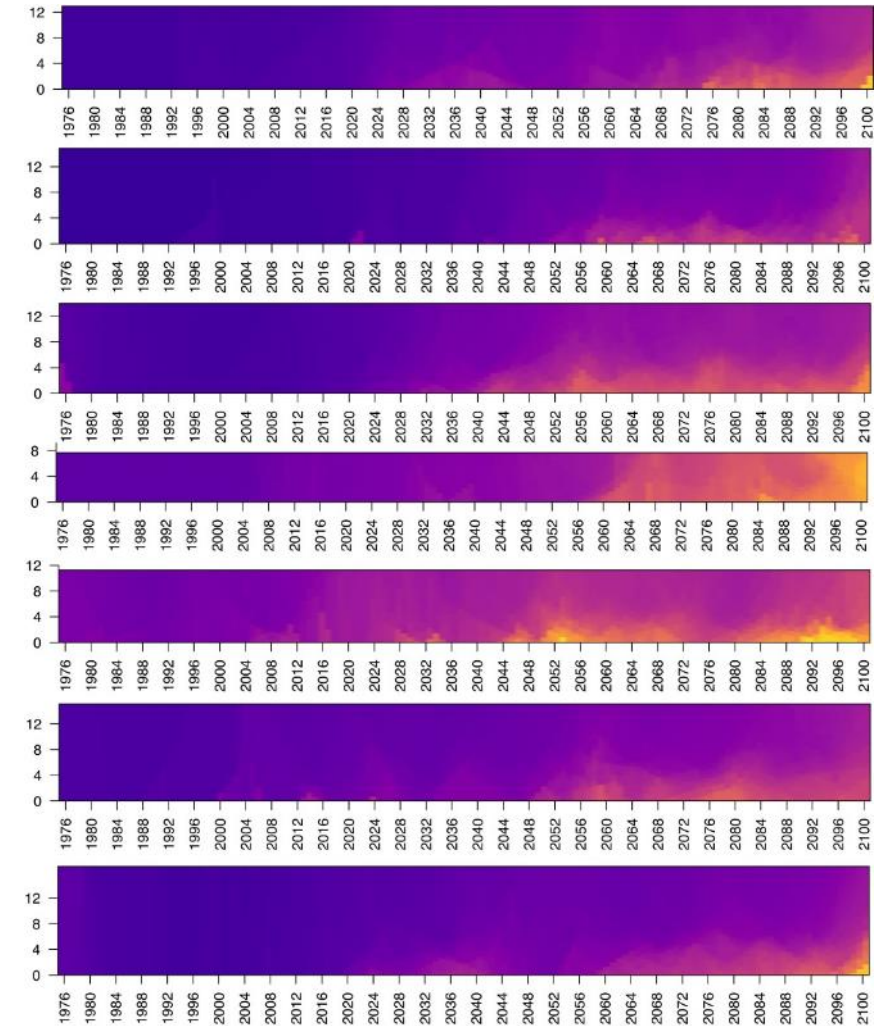
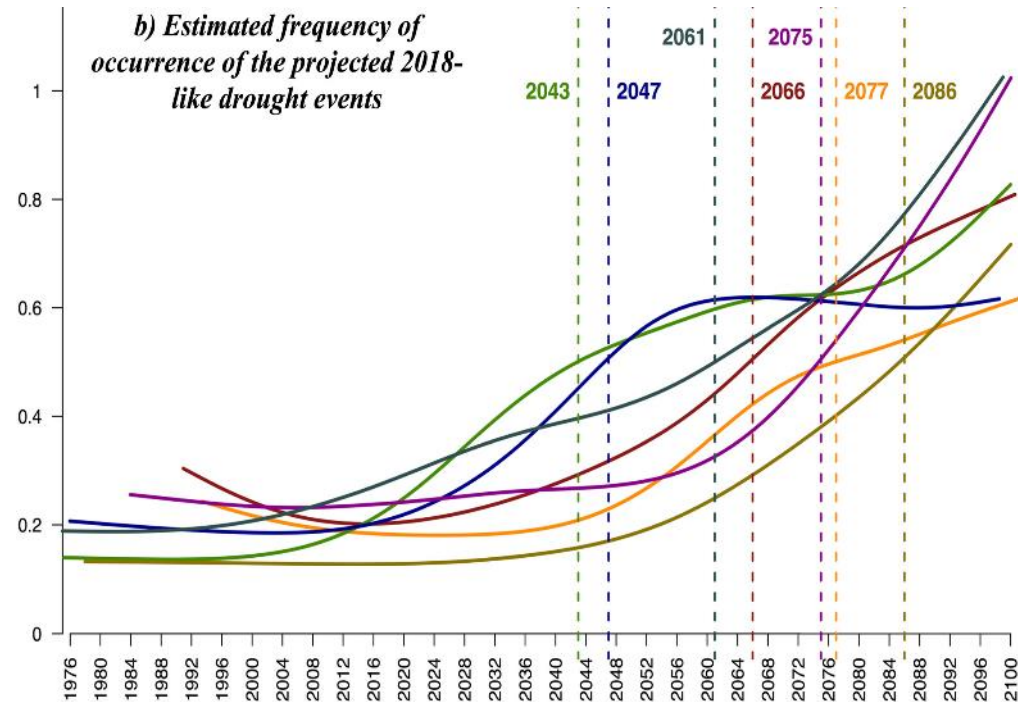
In early August, the rivers Elbe, Saale, and Eger in Saxony could be crossed in the dry by stepping from one stone to the next. The Rhine had become a runnel [...] most rivers in France could be waded [...] the grapes were like roasted and the leaves of the vines had fallen [...] Cattle all over Europe died of thirst and hunger.

Source: Pfister, 2017

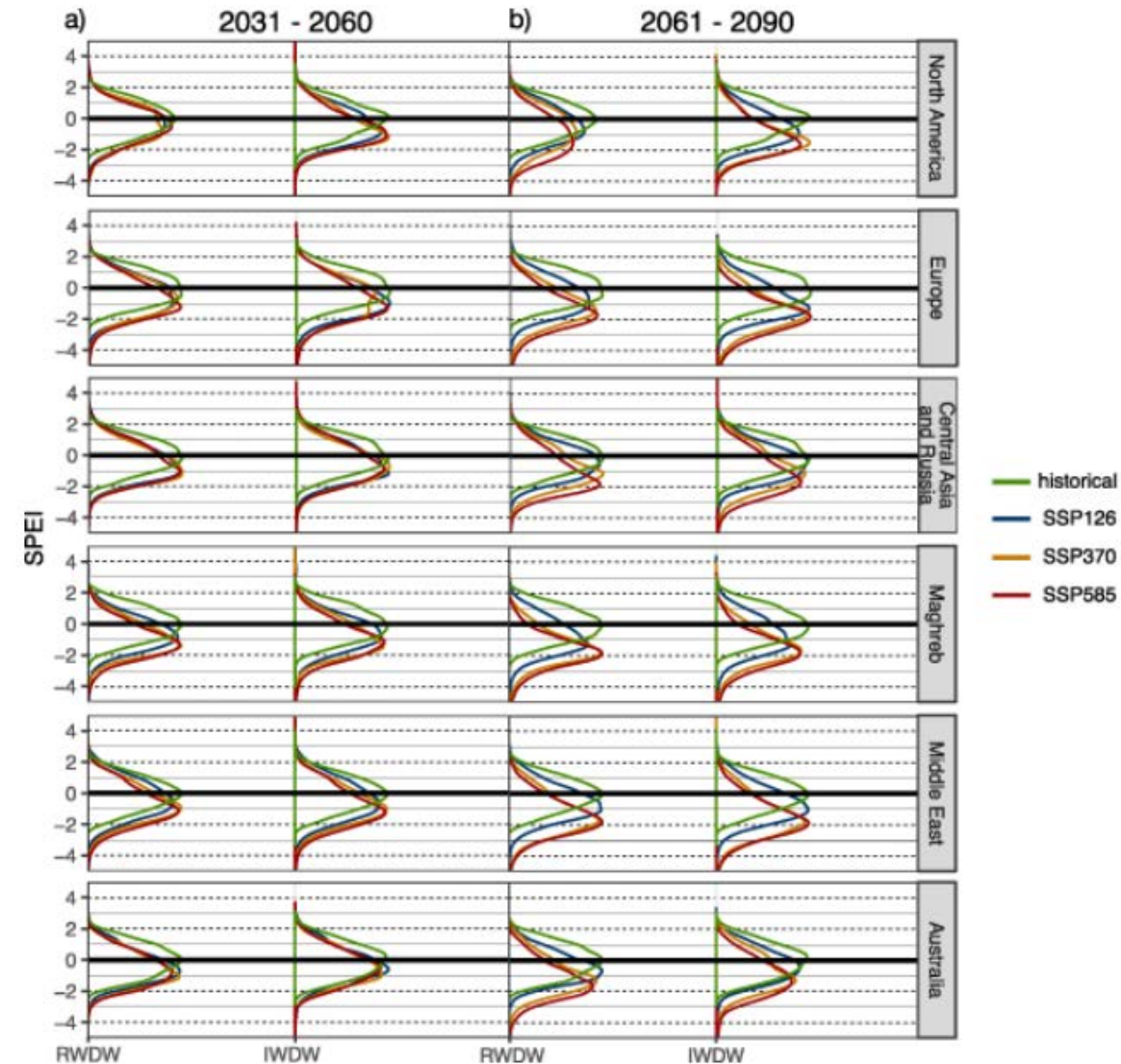
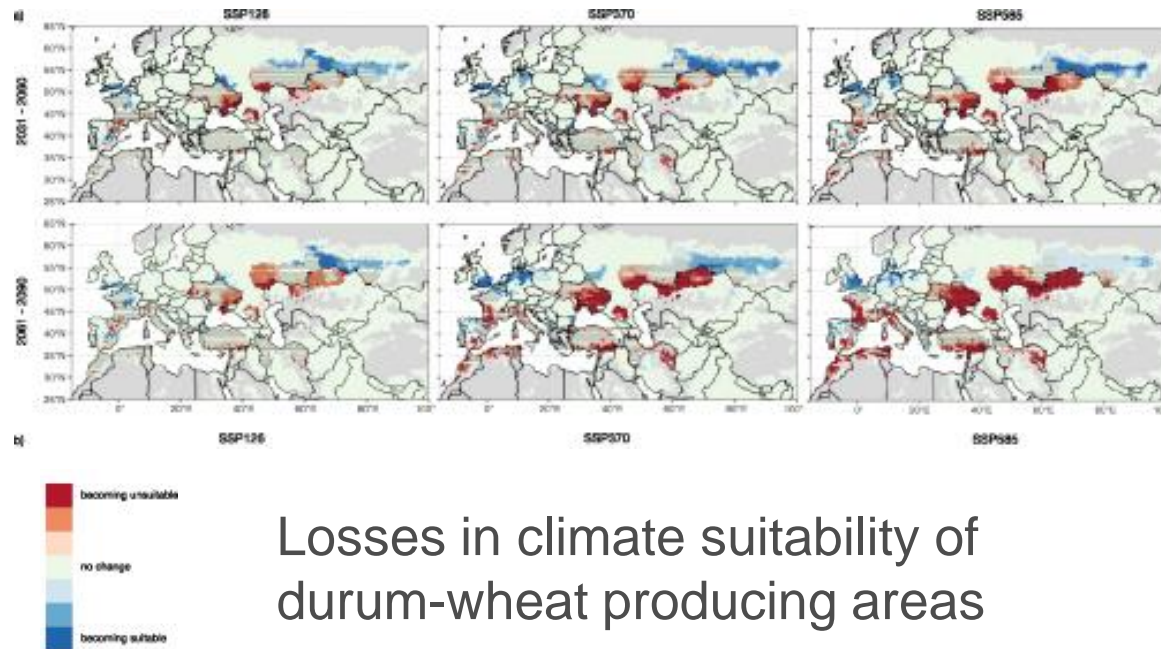
Future drought risk



Future drought risk



Future drought risk



Conclusions

- 2022 drought event: persistent, severe and broad
- Heatwaves *amplified* the drought
- The extreme 2022 drought-heatwave event seems to be the worst on record (TBC!)... Ongoing analysis
- Drought in the future: global risk
- Extreme drought events may become the norm if no effective mitigation and adaptation will take place

Thank you



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